



Club Français du Pancréas

Lyon, 12 09 2019

J Desrame, Lyon.



INSTITUT DE CANCÉROLOGIE
Jean Mermoz

The NEW ENGLAND
JOURNAL *of* MEDICINE

ESTABLISHED IN 1812

DECEMBER 20, 2018

VOL. 379 NO. 25

FOLFIRINOX or Gemcitabine as Adjuvant Therapy
for Pancreatic Cancer

T. Conroy, P. Hammel, M. Hebbar, M. Ben Abdelghani, A.C. Wei, J.-L. Raoul, L. Choné, E. Francois, P. Artru, J.J. Biagi, T. Lecomte, E. Assenat, R. Faroux, M. Ychou, J. Volet, A. Sauvanet, G. Breysacher, F. Di Fiore, C. Cripps, P. Kavan, P. Texereau, K. Bouhier-Leporrier, F. Khemissa-Akouz, J.-L. Legoux, B. Juzyna, S. Gourgou, C.J. O'Callaghan, C. Jouffroy-Zeller, P. Rat, D. Malka, F. Castan, and J.-B. Bachet, for the Canadian Cancer Trials Group and the Unicancer-GI-PRODIGE Group*

Adjuvant Chemotherapy With Gemcitabine and Long-term Outcomes Among Patients With Resected Pancreatic Cancer

The CONKO-001 Randomized Trial

	Gemcitabine	Observation
DFS (mois)	13.4	6.7
SG (médiane)	22.8	20.2
SG 5 ans (%)	20.7	10.4

JAMA. 2013;310(14):1473-1481. doi:10.1001/jama.2013.279201

Adjuvant 5-fluorouracil and folinic acid vs observation for pancreatic cancer: composite data from the ESPAC-1 and -3(v1) trials

	5 Fluorouracile	Observation
SG (médiane)	23.2	16.8
SG 5 ans (%)	24	14

British Journal of Cancer (2009) 100, 246–250

© 2009 Cancer Research UK All rights reserved 0007–0920/09 \$32.00

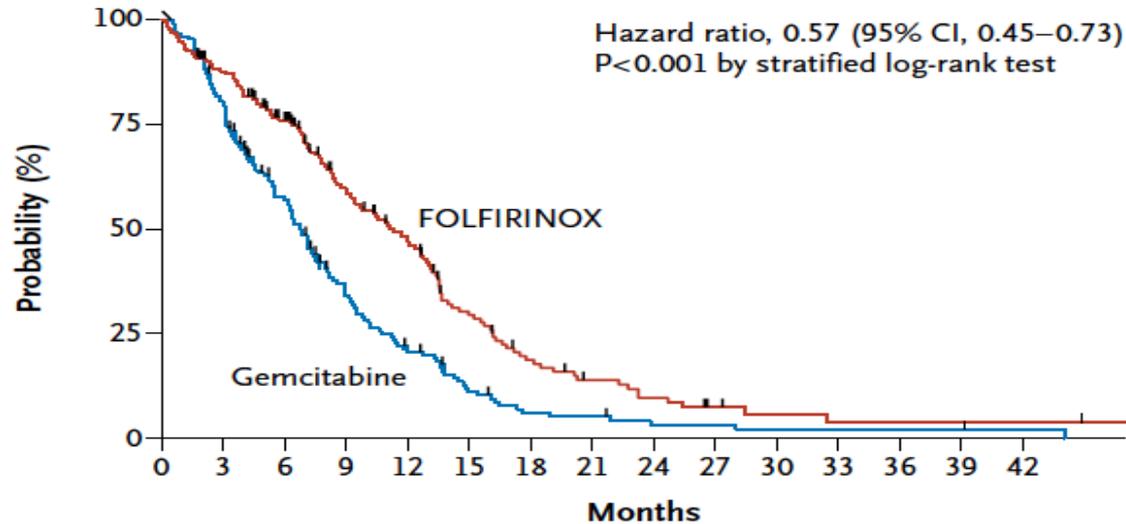
Comparison of adjuvant gemcitabine and capecitabine with gemcitabine monotherapy in patients with resected pancreatic cancer (ESPAC-4): a multicentre, open-label, randomised, phase 3 trial

Lancet 2017; 389: 1011-24

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

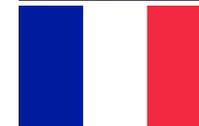
FOLFIRINOX versus Gemcitabine for Metastatic Pancreatic Cancer

A Overall Survival

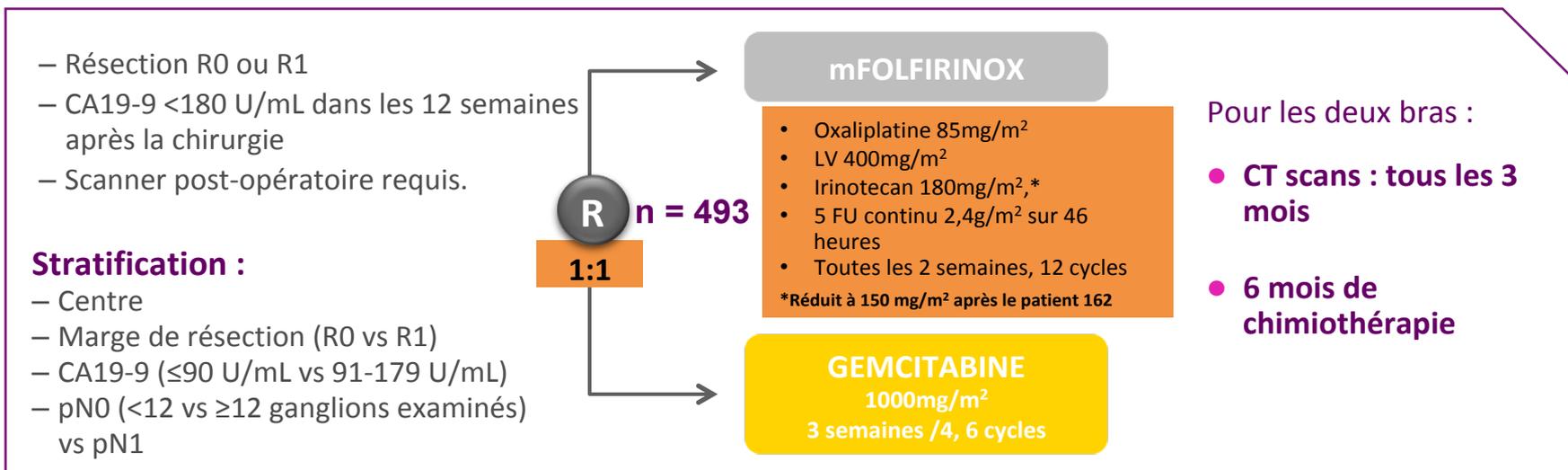


	FOLFIRINOX	Gemcitabine
SG (médiane, mois)	11.1	6.8
SG 12 mois (%)	48.4	20.6

PRODIGE 24 : TT adjuvant du cancer du pancréas réséqué : FOLFIRINOX vs gemcitabine



- Gemcitabine et/ou fluoropyrimidine (6 mois) : **standard en adjuvant**
Oettle JAMA 2013, Neoptolemos JAMA 2010, Neoptolemos Lancet 2017
- FOLFIRINOX : **standard en 1^{ère} ligne métastatique** Conroy NEJM 2011



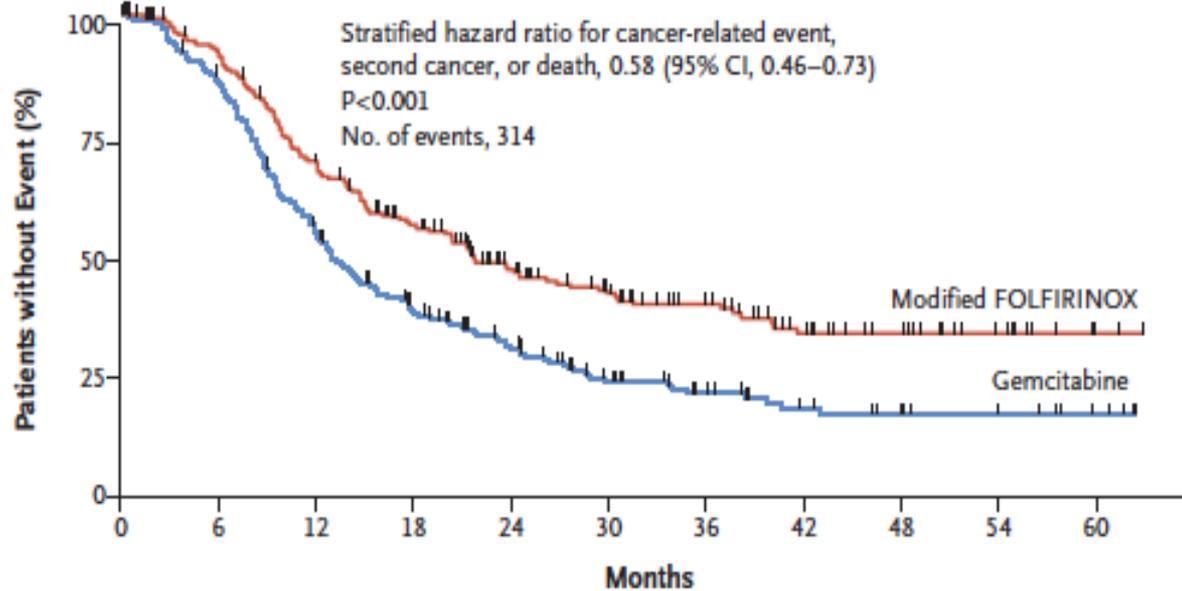
Objectif principal : survie sans maladie à 3 ans

Table 1. Demographic and Clinical Characteristics of the Patients at Baseline (Intention-to-Treat Population).*

Characteristic	Modified FOLFIRINOX (N = 247)	Gemcitabine (N = 246)
Age		
Median (range) — yr	63 (30–79)	64 (30–81)
≥70 yr — no. (%)	47 (19.0)	54 (22.0)
Male sex — no. (%)		
	142 (57.5)	135 (54.9)
WHO performance-status score — no./total no. (%)[†]		
0	122/245 (49.8)	127/242 (52.5)
1	123/245 (50.2)	115/242 (47.5)
Status of surgical margins — no. (%)[‡]		
R0	148 (59.9)	134 (54.5)
R1	99 (40.1)	112 (45.5)
Tumor histologic findings — no./total no. (%)		
Ductal adenocarcinoma	244/247 (98.8)	242/245 (98.8)
Nonductal carcinoma	3/247 (1.2)	3/245 (1.2)
Tumor stage — no. (%)[§]		
I	12 (4.9)	14 (5.7)
IIA	43 (17.4)	47 (19.1)
IIB	183 (74.1)	179 (72.8)
III	1 (0.4)	1 (0.4)
IV	8 (3.2)	5 (2.0)
Lymphovascular invasion — no./total no. (%)		
	154/209 (73.7)	135/214 (63.1)
Perineural invasion — no. (%)		
	205/221 (92.8)	207/231 (89.6)
Surgery		
Venous resection — no./total no. (%)	53/245 (21.6)	69/245 (28.2)
Portal-vein resection — no. (%)	32 (13.0)	42 (17.1)
Superior-mesenteric-vein resection — no. (%)	19 (7.7)	25 (10.2)
Arterial resection — no./total no. (%)	8/247 (3.2)	7/245 (2.9)

Résultats : DFS

A Disease-free Survival



No. at Risk

Modified FOLFIRINOX	247	210	156	118	80	60	46	29	21	11	2
Gemcitabine	246	205	127	85	59	34	24	15	10	7	3

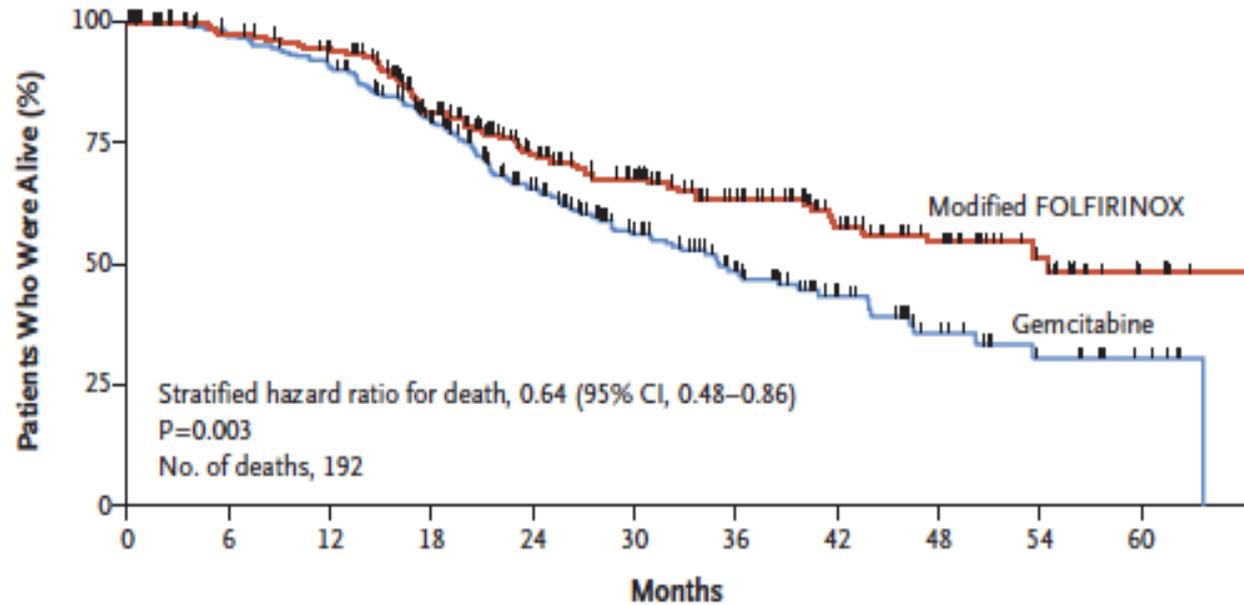
DFS (médiane, mois) : 21.6 vs 12.8

DFS 3 ans (%) : 40 vs 21*

* Objectif étude = > 10 %

Résultats : SG

B Overall Survival



No. at Risk

Modified FOLFIRINOX
Gemcitabine

247	223	210	165	119	91	68	46	32	16	4
246	233	215	171	120	81	55	33	18	9	4

SG (médiane, mois) : 54.4 vs 35

SG 3 ans (%) : 63.4 vs 48.6

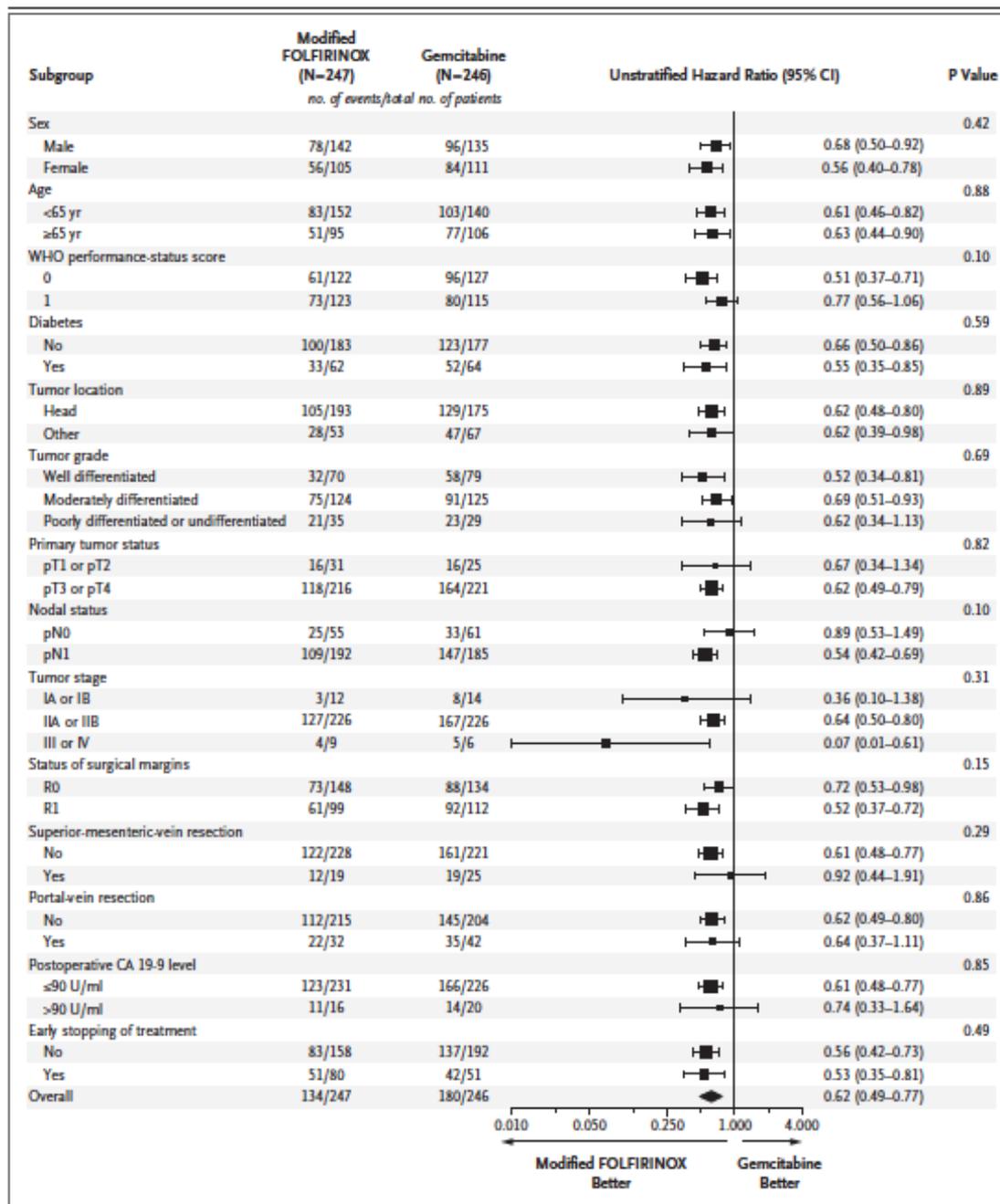


Table 2. Adverse Events during Treatment (Safety Population).*

Event	Modified FOLFIRINOX (N= 238)			Gemcitabine (N= 243)			P Value
	Any Grade	Grade 3 or 4	Grade 4	Any Grade	Grade 3 or 4	Grade 4	
<i>number of patients with event (percent)</i>							
Hematologic event†							
Low hemoglobin level	200 (84.7)	8 (3.4)	0	216 (89.3)	6 (2.5)	0	0.56
Neutropenia	157 (66.5)	67 (28.4)	14 (5.9)	154 (63.6)	63 (26.0)	14 (5.8)	0.56
Febrile neutropenia	7 (3.0)	7 (3.0)	2 (0.8)	10 (4.1)	9 (3.7)	1 (0.4)	0.64
Hyperleukocytosis	110 (46.6)	11 (4.7)	2 (0.8)	134 (55.4)	17 (7.0)	1 (0.4)	0.27
Thrombocytopenia	111 (47.0)	3 (1.3)	0	122 (50.4)	11 (4.5)	3 (1.2)	0.03
Lymphopenia	87 (36.9)	3 (1.3)	0	117 (48.3)	7 (2.9)	1 (0.4)	0.34
Nonhematologic event‡							
Fatigue	199 (84.0)	26 (11.0)	0	187 (77.6)	11 (4.6)	0	0.009
Diarrhea	200 (84.4)	44 (18.6)	3 (1.3)	118 (49.0)	9 (3.7)	0	<0.001
Nausea	187 (78.9)	13 (5.5)	0	133 (55.2)	2 (0.8)	0	0.004
Abdominal pain	111 (46.8)	8 (3.4)	0	114 (47.3)	1 (0.4)	0	0.02
Vomiting	108 (45.6)	12 (5.1)	0	70 (29.0)	3 (1.2)	0	0.02
Anorexia	106 (44.7)	6 (2.5)	0	60 (24.9)	3 (1.2)	0	0.34
Sensory peripheral neuropathy	145 (61.2)	22 (9.3)	2 (0.8)	21 (8.7)	0	0	<0.001
Paresthesia	136 (57.4)	30 (12.7)	0	13 (5.4)	0	0	<0.001
Weight loss	90 (38.0)	3 (1.3)	0	49 (20.3)	1 (0.4)	0	0.37
Fever	39 (16.5)	1 (0.4)	0	78 (32.4)	1 (0.4)	0	1.00
Mucositis	80 (33.8)	6 (2.5)	0	36 (14.9)	0	0	0.01
Alopecia§	64 (27.0)	0	—	47 (19.5)	0	—	—
Hand-foot syndrome	12 (5.1)	1 (0.4)	0	2 (0.8)	0	0	0.50
Thrombosis or embolism	14 (5.9)	6 (2.5)	0	19 (7.9)	1 (0.4)	0	0.07
Constipation	49 (20.7)	0	0	52 (21.6)	0	0	—
Biochemical event¶							
Increased alanine aminotransferase level	151 (64.0)	10 (4.2)	0	178 (73.6)	12 (5.0)	0	0.71
Increased aspartate aminotransferase level	158 (66.9)	9 (3.8)	1 (0.4)	167 (69.0)	8 (3.3)	0	0.76
Increased alkaline phosphatase level	173 (73.6)	5 (2.1)	0	111 (45.9)	5 (2.1)	0	1.00
Increased γ -glutamyltransferase level	150 (65.2)	42 (18.3)	6 (2.6)	110 (46.0)	20 (8.4)	3 (1.3)	0.002
Hyperglycemia	59 (24.9)	7 (3.0)	0	59 (24.4)	5 (2.1)	0	0.53

Toxicité grade 3 / 4 (%) :
75.9 vs 52.9

- % patients ayant reçu totalité TT : 66.4 vs 79 ; p=0.002
- Dose intensité relative > 70 % : 48.7 vs 91.4 ; p<0.001

TT adjuvant :

- 2 standards :
 - Patient en bon état général : FOLFIRINOX
 - Alternative : Gemcitabine (+ capecitabine ???)
- L'avenir :
 - Gemcitabine – Abraxane : non
Essai APACT négatif
 - Chimiothérapie péri-opératoire : séquence de CT neo-adjuvante
 - France : Essai Panache 01 – Prodiges 48
 - Autre : FOFLIRINOX / Gem-Abraxane

TT adjuvant : synthèse

	SSP GEM	SG GEM	SSG GEM-CAP	SG GEM-CAP	SSP FFOX	SG FFOX	SSP GEM NPAC	SG GEM NPAC
CONKO 001	13.4	22.8						
ESPAC 3	14.3	23.6						
ESPAC 4	13.1	25.5	13.9	28				
PRODIGE 24	12.8	35			21.6	54		
APACT	18.8/13.7	36					19.4/16.6	40